### Cambodia

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#### **Population**

15,205,539 people

Language: Khmer 95%, French, English

Ethnicity: Khmer 90%, Vietnamese, Chinese

Religion: Buddhist 96.4%, Muslim 2.1%

#### Geography

General
Tropical climate
Often rainy
Mostly flatlands

Issues
overfishing, not much
drinking water, flooding.



#### **Imports**

Petroleum Products, Cigarettes, Gold, Construction Materials, Machinery, Motor Vehicles and Pharmaceutical products

#### **Import Partners**

Thailand 27.2%

Vietnam 20.0%

China 19.5%

Singapore 7.1%

Hong Kong 5.9%

South Korea 4.3%

#### **Exports**

Clothing, Timber, Rubber, Rice, Fish, Tobacco, Footwear, Textiles

70% of Cambodia's Exports are Textiles

#### **Export Partners**

US 32.7%

UK 8.4%

Germany 7.7%

Canada 7.7%

Singapore 6.6%

Vietnam 5.8%

Japan 4.7%

#### History

1863 French colonial rule

1953 Independence

1955 Prime minister Sihanouk

-Cold War/ Vietnam War-



Norodom Sihanouk

1970 General Lon Nol overthrew Sihanouk



1975 Khmer Rouge (Communist)

#### The Khmer Rouge rule 1975-1979

led by Pol Pot

 People forced to move to countryside work in agriculture



- Many intellectuals were executed
- Disease, starvation
- → Total death: 1.7 million

#### History

1978 Vietnamese invasion
1979 New government

conflict again



1985 Hun Sen became Prime minister

#### <u>analysis</u>

Conflicts, genocide

confused and exhausted
 people lose their identities as Cambodian

#### Cambodian Governmental System

3 Branches
-Legislative Executive Judicial



#### **Political Parties**

3 Main Parties
Cambodian People's Party (CPP)



Cambodian National Rescue Party (CNRP)



The National United Front for an Independent, Neutral, Peaceful and Cooperative Cambodia

(FUNCINPEC)

#### Legislative Branch



#### Upper House (Senate) 61 Seats

(57 appointed by commune Councils, 2 by Royalty, 2 by National Assembly) (46 CPP, 11 CNRP)

Lower house (National Assembly) 123 Seats

(68 CPP, 55 CNRP)

#### **Executive Branch**

-Head of State (King)

-Prime Minister

-Cabinet



#### **Judicial**

## Supreme Court 5 and 9 judge panels

both panels Include a Court Chief and Deputy Chief

9 year terms, 3 year renewals/reviews

#### Subordinate Courts are

Provincial, Appellate, and military Court

#### Hun Sen

- -Member of CPP
- -61
- -In office since 1985
- -Very Controversial leader



#### Hun Sen Quotes and Claims

-Claimed that he brought Cambodia out of Chaos and Poverty post-Khmer Rouge regime

"If the youths want to come back [to work] the only choice is the CPP"

#### **Employment and other Stats**

-Lowest Unemployment Rate in the world (0.00%)

#### However...

- 1. 4 million of the roughly 15 million Cambodians live off of < \$1.25/day
- 2. Many Cambodians don't have access to potable water
- 3. 37% of children under age 5 suffer from Chronic Malnutrition
- 4. 50% of cambodia's population is under 25 years old

#### Singapore



- -working toward reducing the Development Gap
- -Various initiatives
- -Grooming for full entry into ASEAN



#### Cambodian Reception

Mixed feelings

Kang Chandararot (Anti-Integration [for now])
VS.

Sok Siphana (pro-Integration)

"I think by 2015, Cambodia will become the daughter of a rich family. We will no longer be the daughter of a poor family that no man wants to marry with." -Sok Siphana

#### China

- strengthen Bonds between CPP and Chinese Communist Party
- Bringing tourism to China
- Bilateral trade
- 5 billion by 2017
- early 2013 Loans
- 2013 Grants for infrastructure
- Second largest Donor, Largest Investor





Hun Sen
Cambodia

Li Keqiang

# Relationship between Cambodia and Japan





### INAX

## DAIKIN



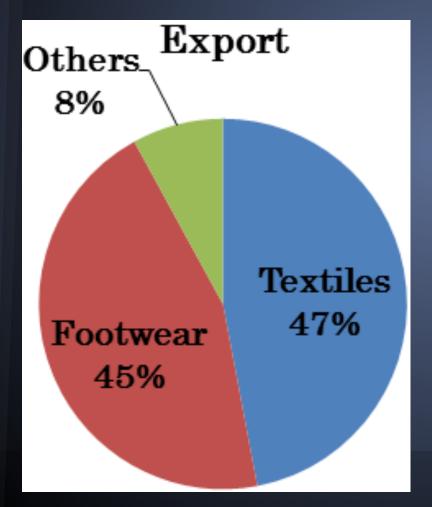


# Investment amount: \$320,000,000

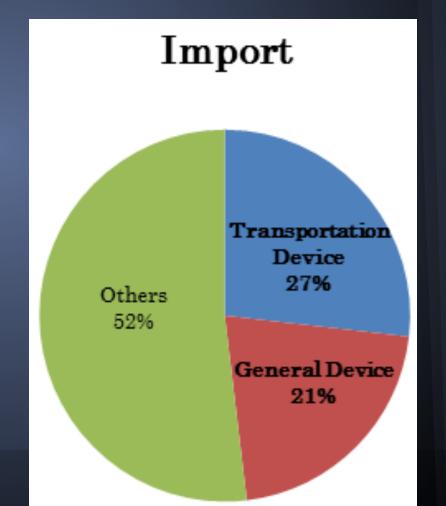
- sewn fabric product
- Electronic component
- Footwear
- Hotel
- Shopping Mall etc

## Trade(2012)

\$323,000,000



\$187,000,000



## Japanese Restaurant



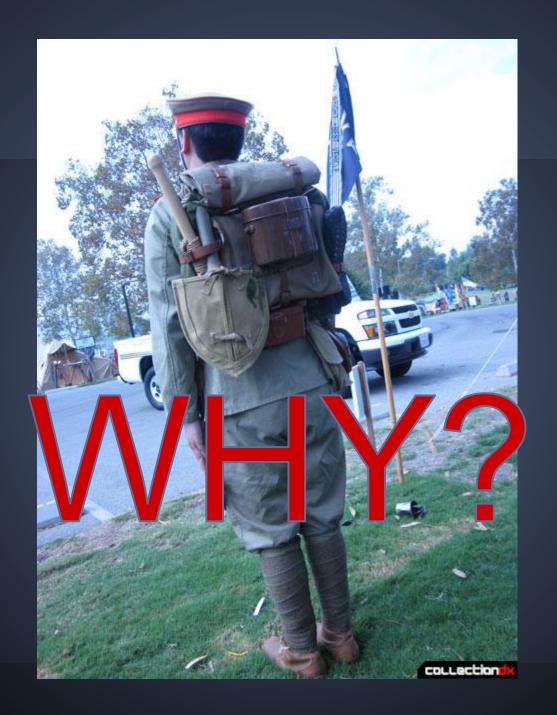
新橋 備長亭

#### Mekong – Japan Exchange Year 2009









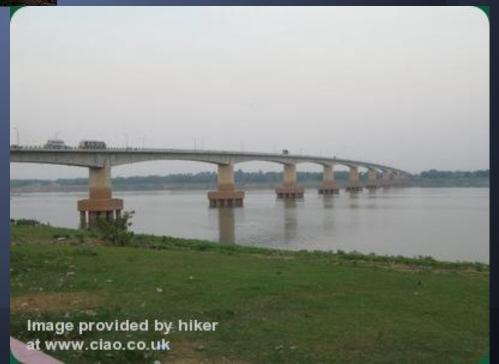
## Japan- Cambodia Friendship Treatment (1955)





Nihon-bashi
Japan Bridge
Tonle Sap River
1994

Kizuna-Bashi
Bond Bridge
Mekong River
2001



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